



FINANCIAL REPORT OF CHAUTAUQUA

The following is the financial statement of the Carbon Chautauqua for the year 1931. The original copy contains a complete list of the number of tickets sold by each ticket seller. We have not published this list for lack of space, but anyone may look over the list by calling at this office.

This year the Carbon Chautauqua was not supported as it should have been, although financial difficulties in some cases have been the cause. However, Chautauqua enthusiasts will no doubt have a hard time in ever bringing this great entertainment to Carbon again, for the past supporters cannot be expected to sign for something that the people do not appreciate.

From this statement it may be seen that there is still a small amount owing to the Canadian Chautauqua, and when every guarantor pays his share of the deficit this debt will be wiped out. If you haven't paid your share, do it now if possible.

RECEIPTS
Ticket Sales \$499.75
Reserved Seats 7.00
Single Admissions 24.00
Transferred from Reserve 222.20
Deficit collected from 34
Guarantors at \$5 each 170.00

TOTAL RECEIPTS \$922.95

EXPENDITURES
Chautauqua Guarantee \$925.00
Paid on Account \$85.00

Balance Owing 40.00
Paid for taking down tent to:
Sandy Reid 5.00
J. F. Ohlhauser 5.00
R. Kaehn 5.00

Crown Lumber Co. for rent of
lumber and breakages 5.30
Builders' Hardware, light bulbs 1.20
Bal. Cash on hand 16.45

TOTAL EXPENDITURES \$922.95
Accounts owing on ticket sales \$59.50
Cash on hand 16.45

75.95
Owing to Canadian Chautauqua 40.00

Surplus \$35.95
Number of Guarantors 49
Number who paid deficit 34

The attendance the first day at the Calgary Stampede was over 32,000.

Miss Peacock, teacher of the Eaton school near Craigmyle, was found lying unconscious in the basement of her school, with her hands and feet tied with barbed wire. Police are investigating the case.

CHANGE OF EMPLOYEES
Frank McLaren of the Union Power Co. Staff, who has been stationed at Three Hills for the past year and a half, has been transferred to Drumheller as head service man. "Shorty" Batttrum of Stettler will go to Three Hills.

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WEDDING SHOWER FOR MARTHA GRAY

On Thursday evening at the home of Misses Doris and Helen Colburn, the Live Wire Girls tendered a wedding shower to Miss Martha Gray, whose marriage takes place next month. The affair, which took the form of a cup and saucer shower, came as a complete surprise to Miss Gray. A jolly, happy time was enjoyed, a mock wedding at the commencement adding to the fun. After the opening of the presents, a lovely lunch of ice cream and cake and lemonade was served. The good wishes of everyone goes with Miss Gray in her approaching marriage.—Three Hills Capital.

Alberta News

Fred Turnbull of Red Deer and H. McCrea of Hanna, were elected as Directors of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association at their Annual convention held at Regina last week.

In spite of business depression the Alberta Government reports a large increase in their four per cent savings Certificates for the month of June.

The Capitol Theatre at St. Paul, Alberta, opened on July 1st with talking pictures.

The Didsbury branch of the Bank of Montreal closed its doors on July 1.

Plenty of moisture is reported in most parts of Alberta now and warm weather is in order.

Over six inches of rain fell in the Three Hills district in June. Carbon reports a similar rainfall.

The settlement of Milo was recently incorporated into a Village.

Recently at Arrowood a vote was taken on local option and the measure was defeated by a majority of 19.

W. M. Taylor of Elkton was brought before Magistrate Phillipson and charged with neglecting to send his eleven year old daughter to school. The defendant who had been warned on several occasions, was fined \$17.00 or 14 days. He paid the fine.—Didsbury Pioneer.

E. J. Garland, M.P. for Bow River, has shown his sympathy for the unemployed and recently he gathered up numerous articles of useful clothing around the City of Ottawa, and sent this wearing apparel to the Welfare Board at Drumheller for distribution.

The High River School Board has decided to make a cut in teacher's salaries this coming term.

Patrick Burns, millionaire cattleman of the West, recently celebrated his 75th birthday, and on this occasion he received the news that he had been appointed to the Senate.

PROMOTIONS IN LOCAL SCHOOLS

CARBON INTERMEDIATE

GRADE V to VI—Roy James; Marjorie Martin; Stanley Ramsay; Robert Wise; Sammie Malton; Sidney Bramley; James Hunt; Lily Dolphin; Agnes Skerry, passed on trial.—Failed, Chas. Nash.

GRADE IV to V—Mabel Fuller; Jack Heath; Andy Kapinuck; Jean Skerry; Gladys Bramley; Francis Poxon; Harold Wise; Cecil Trumble; Esther Ohlhauser; Martha Rogers; Marjorie Leitch; Zona Fairbairn; Raymond Lemay; Margaret Csepe. Failed, Elmer Wolf and Betty McQuade.

GRADE III to IV—Kenneth Harmon; Billie Dixon; Margaret Wheat; Isobel Goukile; Bill Code; James Gouldie; Douglas Prowse; Elaine Torrance; Harvey Barker; Millie Hunt; Alice Wolf; Elwood Kaehn; Mae Moore; Lucy Hall; Billie Heath on trial. Failed, Albert Bramley, Bernard Moore and Gordon McGregor.

CARBON SENIOR ROOM

GRADE VIII to IX—(Note: the following Grade VIII per centage is based on local examinations. The standing of promotion will be set on the year's work by the Department)—

Willie Harvey 77; Florence Code 72; Wilfred Skerry 67; Agnes Wise 66; Myrtle Livingston 62; Samuel Poxon 61; Betty Johnson 55; Henry Trumble 55.

GRADE VII to VIII—Jack Evans 76; Harry Poxon 73; Geraldine McGregor 71; Marjorie Mortimer 70; Clarence Reed 68; Leona Gervais 65; David Kaiser 62; Hazel Hunt 59; Walter Davis 50; Rose Ohlhauser 50.

The following pupils have been recommended to Grade VIII on trial: Charles Code; Stella Dodyk; Charles Moore.

GRADE VI to VII—Fergus Greenan 78; Betty Code 77; George Jealous 75; Finlay Code 74; Elsie Bramley 72; Lily Kapanluk 70; Billy Oliphant 68; Lee McIntyre 65. Recommended on trial, Billy Graham.

GRADE IX RESULTS

Algebra—J. James 88; L. Bramley 85; P. Greenan 72; S. Atkinson 78½; J. Laing 53; M. Oliphant 50; N. Nash 56; G. Mortimer 52.

Composition—J. James 68½; L. Bramley 76½; P. Greenan 60; S. Atkinson 66½; J. Laing 75; M. Oliphant 68½; N. Nash 62½; W. Poxon 57½; G. Mortimer 59.

General Science—J. James 83; L. Bramley 82; P. Greenan 65; S. Atkinson 60; J. Laing 61; M. Oliphant 53; N. Nash 54; W. Poxon 53; G. Mortimer 50.

Geometry—J. James 58; L. Bramley 55; P. Greenan 73; S. Atkinson 66; J. Laing 51½.

History—J. James 81; L. Bramley 50; P. Greenan 79; S. Atkinson 65; J. Laing 81; M. Oliphant 56; N. Nash 51; W. Poxon 51; G. Mortimer 50.

Latin—J. James 52½; P. Greenan 68½.

Literature—J. James, 86; L. Bramley 85; P. Greenan 74; S. Atkinson 69; J. Laing 88; M. Oliphant 61; N. Nash 54; W. Poxon 57; G. Mortimer 50.

The following Second and Third year Students received the following marks: Harold Edwards, Comp 52; History 56; Literature I 65½.

Ida Forsch: Literature II 79; Composition 55.

Alice Gordon: Literature II 90; composition 77½.

Carrie Kapanluk: Literature II 68; Composition 69.

Iris Laing: Literature II 59½; composition 64½; Geometry 81; French 53; General Science 69.

Louise Pratt: Literature II 84; composition 65.

Ellen Trumbley: Literature II 50; Composition 53; History 55; Algebra I 51½; General Science 50.

John Code: Composition II 52½; Composition I 60; Literature I 53½.

Delmar Fox: French I 52.

Albert Morrow: Literature I 75.

Audria Evans: Composition II 64.

Wilfred Poxon: Literature II 82.

POSTAGE RATES THAT BECAME EFFECTIVE ON JULY 1

For Local Delivery: 2 cents first ounce; 1 cent each additional ounce. Rural Route is not Local Delivery. For Other Offices in Canada: 3 cents first ounce; 2 cents each additional ounce.

British Empire, France, U.S.A.: 3 cents first ounce; 2 cents each additional ounce.

Other Countries: 5 cents first ounce; 3 cents each additional ounce.

Postal Cards: No Change.

Tax of 1 cent on all Postal Notes and 2 cents on all Money Orders, irrespective of amount.

Southern News

Mr. and Mrs. R. Neubauer and Delin and Mrs. A. Neubauer of Hanna, arrived on Thursday of last week and are visiting with the J.J. Bertsch's family and with Mr. and Mrs. Emil Metzger.

Mr. Gottlieb Ohlhauser made a trip to Turner Valley on Wednesday of last week and returned on Thursday. His daughter, Mrs. R. Kary came out with him and will spend a couple of weeks here.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ. Bertsch Jr. went to Calgary on Monday of this week. Together with Mrs. Bertsch's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ohlhauser, they will go to Edmonton to attend the Baptist Convention.

Messrs. Gottlieb Ohlhauser and C. McMann have purchased a car of lumber from the Imperial Building Supplies. This lumber will be used for replacing culverts, which were washed out by the recent floods.

Messrs. August and Fred Dohler, Albert Sailer, and their families, and Bill Hepper left on Tuesday for Maidstone, Sask., where they have purchased farms.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Lang, on July 1st, a daughter.

Those who will attend the Baptist Convention at Edmonton this week are Mr. and Mrs. J.J. Bertsch and their three daughters, Tilly, Ella and Hilda, and son, Otto; Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Bertsch Sr.; Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Periman; Rev. and Mrs. Itterman; Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb Esslinger, Mrs. Adam Ohlhauser; Mr. and Mrs. C.J. Bertsch Jr.; and Mrs. Albert Bertsch.

(Received too late for last week)

Mr. and Mrs. Blebrich and Mr. and Mrs. Frohlick and children are visiting with the Alex Blebrich family over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Schultz and Miss Annie Schultz of High River spent the week end with some of their friends in the district.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Ohlhauser and Mr. Ed Schell took their father, Gottlieb Schell, into Calgary to the hospital on Sunday morning.

Mr. George Marshman left on Friday for Spokane to get his car, which he left there in the spring. He arrived

COMPANY ASKS GAS FRANCHISE

The regular monthly meeting of the Council of the Village of Carbon was held at the office of the secretary on Tuesday evening, and Councillors Garrett, McQuade and Flaws were present.

A delegation from the Carbon Exploration Company (Messrs S. F. Torrance, J.J. Greenan and S.N. Wright) interviewed the council with a view of obtaining a franchise for the supplying of gas to the residents of the Village. The council was in favor of the project and a resolution was passed giving the Carbon Exploration Company their approval of the project. A by-law will have to be prepared and a petition of the ratepayers made, before such a franchise will be given, and this will now be undertaken by the Company, which will make a definite proposal to the council at a later date.

The question of dray licenses came before the council again this month and it was decided that no change would be made, and all dray men must have a license. It was pointed out that this was a benefit to the draymen as they would have some protection in the town at least, and if the dray license were dropped the draymen would have to pay a business tax, which will amount to a little more than the present dray license.

The question of a bridge to the island was brought up and discussed. The council seem in favor of a structure, but financial reasons are holding back the work. Different types of bridges were discussed and the intention is to build a swinging bridge sometime. To speed matters up, the secretary was instructed to write to the Provincial Government and find out what could be done, if anything, in the way of getting direct relief on the proposed bridge. When the reply is received, and should the Government allow this project to be completed under direct relief, it is possible that the bridge will be built in the near future. In the meantime the Village council will prepare an estimate on the cost of a new bridge and draft a plan for same.

There is still a necessity for the present crossing being made passable in wet weather until a bridge is put in, and the council will take the matter in hand and have the remains of the old bridge removed from the creek, and provide some temporary walk for the benefit of residents on the island, who have difficulty in crossing in wet weather.

A wedding of interest took place last Saturday when Paul Steffon and Irene Soltes, residents of the Peerless mine at Carbon, were married in Rockyford. Following the ceremony the couple returned to Carbon where a large wedding feast took place and many of the local citizens participated. The celebration lasted three days, according to the foreign custom.

L. Poxon was a Calgary visitor to Calgary on Saturday.

home on Tuesday evening of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb Schell Jr. went to Calgary on Tuesday to see their father, and returned the same day.

FLIT

DESTROYS FLIES, MOSQUITOS, MOTHS, BED BUGS, ANTS, ROACHES AND MANY OTHER HOUSEHOLD INSECTS AND THEIR EGGS.

THE NEWEST THING IN FLY SWATTERS—Made of Fibre—will not tear curtains or leave mark on Walls, Each 15c

BUY YOUR NOSE BAGS FOR HORSES HERE

BUILDERS' HARDWARE STORES, LTD.

A. KLASSEN, MANAGER — PHONE 3, CARBON

We know a woman who has found a book on Child Psychology very helpful—she uses it as a paddle.

LAVANDER MENTHOLATED SHAVING CREAM

Softens stiff beards—Leaves the face cool and healthful because it's mentholated. Mammoth Tube, 50c

Headquarters for Shaving Requisites—Razors and Razor Blades; Shaving Lotions; Styptic Pencils; Face Creams; After Shaving Powder, Etc.

MACK'S DRUG STORE

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Canadians prefer the fine Salada quality

"SALADA"

TEA

'Fresh from the gardens'

Mass Pessimism

Returning home for a brief vacation, United States Ambassador Dawes at London, England, describes the present economic situation as one in which the peoples of the world are suffering from "mass pessimism."

What Ambassador Dawes says is unquestionably true, but before the prevailing pessimism became general the world was suffering from a condition which as it became intensified resulted in this "mass pessimism" which he deplores and which now has a crippling effect on all efforts to improve conditions.

Without going too far afield, we find that conditions in Western Canada this year are such as to induce pessimism. Thousands of farmers and their families are in dire straits because of widespread drouth conditions resulting not only in crop failures but in lack of water and pasturage for live stock. No crop in sight for 1931 and added expense in caring for livestock, following as they do upon a short crop or none at all last year, and prices below the cost of producing what may have been produced, have created an acute, a desperate situation for a large section of our population. And the resultant stagnation in agriculture, with an absolute cancellation of purchasing power, has reacted adversely upon all business with the result that unemployment has become intensified in all urban centres.

Such is the situation and it would be the height of folly to attempt to deny it or seek to minimize or ignore it. Such a situation breeds pessimism, first among those who, even when everything is bright and encouraging, always look upon the dark side of any picture, those who seem to be natural born croakers and fault-finders. But just as it only requires right conditions for bacteria to multiply and spread, or for some malignant disease to develop into an epidemic, so these habitual pessimists infect others not usually so inclined but who because of their difficulties and losses are susceptible. Mass pessimism is the result.

Yet it is uncalled for. It is utterly futile. It accomplishes nothing but to make the individual more downhearted and miserable than he or she would otherwise be, and to frighten and discourage others who might otherwise continue on the even tenor of their way, helpful factors in the encouragement of many and in the dissipation of the prevailing gloom.

In time of war there is no one thing which gives a wise general more concern than the maintenance of the morale of the rank and file of his army. Let morale be broken and lost and the best drilled and equipped army in the world becomes a mob. Instead of being a threat to the enemy, it becomes a menace to itself. And the most victorious of armies has to retreat sometimes. It meets reverses, temporary though they may be. It is then that morale must be maintained, when it requires to be pitched higher than ever in the confident hope and expectation of the crowning victory to come. It is only so that victory will come.

There is just as truly a morale in economics, and it is in times of depression, crop failures, falling markets, unemployment, that it must be maintained, not only by the generals and captains but by the rank and file if the nation is not to suffer irretrievable loss and possibly go down to defeat.

It is the duty of people in their own best interests to curb their pessimism. We do not say they should minimize present difficulties, because they should be frankly faced and efforts made to overcome them, but they should not be magnified. Nor should difficulties and troubles be imagined where they do not exist.

We do not believe people can pull themselves up by their boot straps, but we do believe they can refrain from stepping into quagmires. They can keep their feet on firm ground and not supinely slip into a slough of despond. And now is the time to do it.

What is this mass psychology anyway? It is simply a lack of individuality on the part of the many. A man stands on a street corner gazing up at nothing at all and soon he is surrounded by a crowd craning their necks looking at exactly the same thing. A man says times are hard and the one to whom he says it, even though he be better off than ever before, dolefully shakes his head, buttons up his pockets, repeats the same story, and thus helps to make times hard when he would be the gainer by adopting exactly the opposite course and thus help to improve conditions.

Be an individual. Be yourself. Stand out from and away from the mass. Think and act with hope in your heart and an eye to the future. By so doing you will not be making conditions harder, you will not be discouraging others; on the contrary, you will find your own burden lightened, your own outlook improved, your courage renewed.

Shopping Psychology

They are telling the true story at the Hotel Victoria, New York, of the enterprising Seventh Ave. shoe merchant, who, after failing to dispose of a bargain batch of shoes at \$3.50 a pair, ran a dollar-day sale offering them at \$6 a pair, with an extra pair thrown in for a dollar more, closing out his entire stock in less than three hours!

First Little Girl—What's etiquette, Lily?

Second Ditto: Oh, that's the noise you musn't swallow your tea with when there's company.

Demand For Vegetables

The increasing demand for vegetables in the diet is probably largely responsible for the rapid expansion which took place last year in the vegetable canning industry throughout Canada. The increase in 1930 was 64.8 per cent, as compared with 1929. Total production amounted to 10,066,614 cans. — Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Gladys—After I'd sung my encore I heard a gentleman from one of the papers call "Fine! Fine!"

Harry—Goodness! And did you have to pay it?

Dysentery Is a Very Dangerous Bowel Complaint



Mrs. E. M. Ward, 627 Ave. H. South, Saskatoon, Sask., writes:—"When my husband was in France he took dysentery, and was in hospital over a year. Ever since he came back he has had the attacks three or four times a year. I cannot emphasize the good Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has done for him. He generally takes a few doses and gets relief in a few hours."

"I cannot speak too highly of your excellent remedy, and you may be sure we are never without a bottle of it in the house."

Tinned Hams From Denmark

Danish Methods Of Marketing Sets Mark That Is Hard To Beat

There is food for thought for the Canadian farmer in the recent arrival in the Canadian market of "tinned hams" from Denmark. When it comes to marketing its production, or overproduction if you prefer, the little kingdom of Denmark sets a pace which is hard to beat. Not only do they market their product in all the usual forms, maintaining the dominant position in the British market, but they are now processing their finest cuts, packaging them attractively, and making a strong bid for the larger consuming centres in our own Canadian market. Canadian farmers should find an incentive to opportunity in the situation. A study of the fundamental principles underlying Danish methods might hold much of useful interest.

Health Of Children Affected

Children Of Unemployed Men In Montreal Show Effect Of Malnutrition

The effect of the economic depression on the children of unemployed men has been revealed by the health service of financial federation, conducted by the Child Welfare Association of Montreal. Ninety per cent. of the children, who are being examined at the rate of 200 a week, are underweight, Miss Esther Beith, R.N., director of the Child Welfare Association, stated.

One child was found to weigh 24 pounds less than normal. Lack of nutritious food has also caused dental decay and clinics conducted by the association are busy doing what they can to halt the rot. A youngster of 13 had to have her entire upper row of teeth extracted, Miss Beith said.

Conquers Asthma. To be relieved from the terrible suffocating due to asthma is a great thing, but to be safeguarded for the future is even greater. Not only does Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy bring prompt relief, but it introduces a new era of life for the afflicted. Systematic inhaling of smoke or fumes from the remedy prevents re-attacks and often effects a permanent relief.

H.B. Trial Shipments

Nothing But Wheat To Be Shipped Over Bay Route This Year

"Nothing will be shipped out of Hudson Bay this year except wheat," said Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways. Dr. Manion had been asked the attitude of the department towards requests for trial shipments of cattle later in the year.

There would be difficulties enough in making trial shipment of wheat without entering into other projects, Dr. Manion said. He drew attention to the lack of feeding facilities at Churchill as an example of the handicaps facing any attempt to ship cattle. The department had been deluged with requests of that type but all had been refused.

Persian Balm promotes daintiness, charm and beauty. Magical in its effect on the skin. There is nothing like it for creating and preserving a lovely complexion. Cooling, caressing, it soothes and relieves all roughness caused by weather conditions. Delicately fragrant, it enhances the most finished appearance. Makes the skin rose-leaf in texture. Truly a peerless toilet requisite for every discerning woman.

Report Is Denied

Regina-Saskatoon Edmonton Air Mail Not To Be Discontinued

Officials of the post office department denied reports that the Regina-Saskatoon-Edmonton branch of the western air mail route was to be disbanded after July 15. It was pointed out that this story, similar to one some time ago saying all the mail services were to be disbanded, was apparently based on the cancelling of the present air mail contracts in order to give the government an opportunity to review the situation. These contracts terminate at different dates, it was explained.

German Steel For Russia

The German Iron and Steel Trust has agreed to deliver to Russia 80,000 tons of bar iron, the same amount of sheet iron and 40,000 tons of steel products in the next two months at unstated prices. The deal was arranged in Berlin by the Russian trade delegation which recently came from Moscow.

W. N. U. 1897

MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

Depression Hits Icebergs

Not For Many Years Has There Been Anything Like Present Shortage

It takes quite a bit of water to make a sizable iceberg. No one who has seen one of these floating samples of the Arctic zone would take issue with this statement. One ordinary iceberg carries around enough congealed moisture to irrigate a ten-acre farm all summer. Coastguard craft which annually proceed to the nesting grounds of the icebergs for the purpose of warning shipping of their proximity to steamer lanes have found a scarcity of them this year. Icebergographers say the situation is without precedent.

Not in a great many years has there been anything like the present shortage of icebergs in the north Atlantic. Last year 440 of these gorgeous spectacles of the sea were reported in the areas of sea travel, but this year only two little tramp bergs were located and so far away from steamship lanes as to make it unnecessary to tie cowbells around their necks.—Christian Science Monitor.

Ranch Will Breed Cattaloos

Young Buffalo Bull Shipped By B.C. Authorities To Peace River District

British Columbia's first herd of cattaloos, half cattle, half buffalo, are expected to result from the shipment of a young buffalo bull from Beacon Hill Park to the Peace River district. This animal is being presented by the city authorities to Mrs. Emily L. Crawford, pioneer rancher of Fort St. John, for crossing with her cattle. He will be the first buffalo liberated in this province outside a park, the Department of Agriculture here understands.

Keep your stock free from blemish with Douglas' Egyptian Liniment. Removes inflammation, quickly relieves bruises, sprains, strains, swellings, contraction of cords, stiffness of joints and sore muscles.

A Good Fish Story

The season's best fish story comes from Banff Springs, Alberta. A 20-pound trout in Lake Minnewanka, yanked an angler off a pier into the water, but the fisherman held on and with the aid of a police officer and a boat finally landed the prize.

Aeroplane Prospecting

Areas In Northern Saskatchewan Will Be Investigated

The aeroplane will be employed by Professor J. B. Mawdsley of the University of Saskatchewan in locating and charting mineral resources in Northern Saskatchewan. Areas which would otherwise be accessible only with much difficulty can be readily reached by the aeroplane route. Investigation of areas of schist and greenstone presenting favourable prospects for metallic minerals will be made.

Under instructions from the Provincial Department of Railways, Labour and Industries a survey of coal and clay deposits lying north of the Saskatchewan River is also being conducted by Professor W. G. Worcester of the Ceramics Department of the University of Saskatchewan and Walter Hasting, developing engineer. For some time these deposits have been known to exist but they have never been thoroughly investigated as to their extent, quality or commercial value.

The survey is being made with a view to developing this area if tests prove that development would be feasible.

Terrorists Are Sentenced

Mafia Terrorists In Italy Face Sentences Totalling 15 Centuries

One hundred and fourteen notorious Mafia terrorists face sentences totalling 15 centuries as a result of their conviction at a trial in Italy lasting almost a year.

Thirteen of the defendants got life, 16 got sentences of 15 to 25 years, 16 will be imprisoned ten to 15 years, and 69 will go to jail for one year. Fifty-seven others were acquitted.

The charges against the prisoners included 43 murders, 26 attempted murders, and many cases of assault, extortion, blackmail, shooting, robbery and bribery.

Zaro Agha, the ancient Turk aptly commented on the occasion of his first plane ride that he hadn't been so excited in the last 130 years.

REMNANTS

3 lbs. PRINTS, SILK OR VELVET . . . \$1.00
A. MCCREERY CO., Chatham, Ontario

So Many Home Uses!

Keep foods fresh longer by covering them with Para-Sani

Use Para-Sani to keep Dad's lunch tastily fresh

Keep the freshness in sandwiches prepared for the party with a covering of Para-Sani.

YOU'LL FIND A hundred vital, saving uses for Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper in your home. Comes in handy, sanitary, knife-edged package. For less exacting uses: "Centre Pull" Waxed Tissue (flat sheets). At grocers, druggists, stationers.

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HAMILTON ONTARIO

Western Representatives:
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Cunard Line's Oldest Known Living Passenger Will Make Atlantic Crossing In New Vessel

If she can make the trip, Mrs. Loring W. Bailey, the Cunard Line's oldest known living passenger, will make a trans-Atlantic crossing in the new 73,000 ton steamer now being built for the line on the River Clyde, Scotland, the first of a pair of swift mammoth ships that will supply a weekly service between New York and ports on the English Channel, making the voyage in four days.

Mrs. Bailey made her first trip to Canada on the Cunard liner "Cambria," in January, 1848, more than 83 years ago. The "Cambria" was a side-wheeler, carried sails, and made the voyage from Liverpool to Halifax in two weeks, being delayed by rough seas followed by dense fog. Her schedule time was ten days.

Mrs. Bailey, who is now in her 90th year, enjoys excellent health and recalls with remarkable distinctness the happening of a long and varied career. She is especially proud of the fact that she is the oldest living passenger of the Cunard Line, which had its beginning in her beloved Canada, in the old gray city by the sea (Halifax) where Samuel Cunard laid the foundations of the famous Cunard Line of today with a fleet of twenty-four ocean liners plying between Europe and America.

Born Laurestine Marie d'Avray, Mrs. Bailey was the daughter of the Baron d'Avray, and first saw the light of day on the island of Mauritius, in the Indian Ocean, off the east coast of Africa. It was then and still is one of England's sugar bowls and not a small one either.

When Laurestine was five years old her parents took her from her tropical home on a journey which was to end in cold Saint John, New Brunswick, where the Baron had secured a position as Superintendent of Education in the Maritime Provinces. The journey was a long one. The family embarked on a sailing ship bound for Queenstown, sailing around the Cape of Good Hope. It took two-and-a-half months to reach the Irish port, their ship passing but one steamer on the entire voyage.

After visiting London and Northern France the d'Avrays set out for Liverpool, where they embarked on the "Cambria" for Canada.

Landing at Halifax in mid-winter, Laurestine saw snow for the first time. She thought it was salt until she tasted it, but could not understand why it was so cold nor why it quickly melted in her warm fingers.

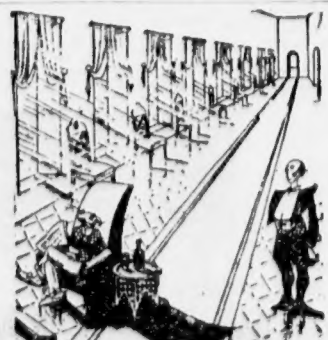
In travelling from Halifax to Saint John the family passed over the Cobequid Mountains, in Northern Nova Scotia, in a rude covered wagon, which was drawn for more than a hundred miles through the frigid country over glare-ice. Railroads had not yet made their appearance in that part of the country.

The girl's father was very successful in his new post and won promotion until he held the chair of modern languages in King's College, now the University of New Brunswick.

It was while living at the college that Laurestine met and married a young professor who had come from Harvard, Loring W. Bailey, who afterwards became famous as a scientist, and who was designated as a charter member of the Royal Society of Canada by the Marquis of Lorne. Dr. Bailey's service at the University extended over 47 years.

For many years the Baileys spent their summers at Fredericton. It was here that they celebrated the silver and golden anniversaries of their wedding.

After the death of Dr. Bailey at



"Did you ring sir?" "Yes. There is a fly somewhere in the room."—Kasper, Stockholm.

the age of 86, Mrs. Bailey moved to Halifax, the scene of her first landing in the New World. Here she was a guest aboard the Cunard liner "Aquitania," when that giant ship docked at Halifax on July 4, just 91 years after the first Cunarder, the "Britannia," set out from Liverpool, a pioneer in the world of modern shipping.

Recently in speaking of the Samuel Cunards, Mrs. Bailey said:

"I knew the Cunards when they lived in Chatham. They used to visit Sheriff Woolhaupter in Fredericton. Mrs. Cunard gave me a small statue, about one finger high, when she left Chatham for England. I still have it."

Fox Feeding Guide

Keeping In Step With Season Found To Bring Best Results

Keeping in step with the season is the way to ensure best results in fox feeding, studies in this respect at the Experimental Fox Ranch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture at Summerside, P.E.I., show. The report for 1928, 1929 and 1930 just issued states: "It is absolutely necessary that foxes should be fed in step with the season. When the earth is covered with green vegetation foxes require that vegetation, or the essentials of it from animals that have recently been eating it; during the fall months when ripe vegetation is prevalent, foxes require that ripe vegetation. In the late fall months when frost has destroyed vegetation and the prey of the foxes is in good condition foxes require a high meat ration. When the prey of the foxes is in poor condition and the vixen and her prey are often snowed in, foxes do not require a large amount of food."

Milk a Bone Builder

Another Good Reason For the Liberal Use Of Milk

Scientific research finds another good reason for the liberal use of milk, especially in the diet of the growing child, and that is in its capacity as a bone builder. The human body contains more calcium than it does any other mineral, and the best and cheapest source of supply is milk. Dietetic experts assert that a quart of milk daily ensures the growing child of the best storage of calcium for the manufacture of bones and teeth. It is equivalent in calcium content to 10 large oranges, 10 large helpings of cauliflower, 24 helpings of carrot, 32 eggs, or 20 pounds of beef.—Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Speeds Ripening Of Tomatoes

The farmer doesn't very often get a chance to fool Jack Frost, especially on a soft crop like tomatoes, but experimental work at Morden, Man., by the Dominion Department of Agriculture shows conclusively that this can be done. With the advance of the season tomatoes ripen more slowly and the use of ethylene gas speeds up the process from late August on. Fruit in danger of frost damage can be picked and quickly ripened by the use of this gas.

The Republic of Andorra, a small country lying between France and Spain, pays its President a yearly salary of \$15.

Would Increase Value Of Fish Industry

Fish Flour Is New Product Not Yet On Market

From \$500,000 to \$1,500,000 annually may be added to the value of the fisheries industry of the country by the development of "fish flour," Henry O'Malley, Commissioner of the U.S. Bureau of Fisheries says.

Produced from the edible parts remaining from the filleting or packing of fish, the new product is dried and ground into a fine meal with a pleasant taste, odor and fluffy appearance. The new flour is more highly refined than the fish meals used for feeding animals, and in cooking may be easily disguised to make the fish taste unrecognizable, Mr. O'Malley said. At present the flour is not available commercially.

Provided the public takes to the new product, there is a potential production of 20,000,000 pounds of raw material available, it is estimated. Much interest has been shown in the work of developing the flour by national manufacturers and distributors of bakery products and specialized food products.

The bureau has succeeded in making very edible fish flour cookies, mixing the new type with the old-fashioned wheat flour and covering "fishy" tastes with cinnamon or ginger. It is said that the flour can also be used successfully in thickening fish soups or chowders and in the manufacture of salt crackers. Its use in bread has not yet been tried by the bureau.

Only the surface of the possibilities of developing this new product for human food has been touched, according to J. R. Manning, technologist of the Fisheries Bureau.

A Nation Of Fruit Eaters

Average Per Person In Britain Last Year Was 83 Pounds

British people are rapidly becoming a nation of fruit-eaters, according to the Empire Marketing board's report on fruit supplies in 1930. "Last year more fruit was eaten in the United Kingdom than in any previous year," states the report, which mentions that the average consumption was 83 pounds for every man and woman and child. This was an increase of 12½ pounds per person over the previous year.

A pleasing feature of the report is the statement that a higher proportion of the fruit imports was supplied by the Empire last year than previously. Nearly 62 per cent. of apples, 40 per cent. of the bananas and more than half the peaches were Empire-grown.

Revealing Old Secrets

Settlements Of Olden Times Being Discovered By Aviators

Secrets of antiquity that have remained hidden for centuries are today being brought again to the knowledge of men by the aeroplane. In Britain, the Middle West, and other historical regions throughout the Empire an air-borne camera is revealing details of towns, settlements and works of olden times that are assisting archaeologists mightily in their reconstructions of the world as it was fifteen, twenty or more centuries ago.

For a long time, Egypt was the chief granary of the Roman Empire.

Long distance racing matches for homing pigeons date back to 1818.

Plea Is Made For Retention In Canada Of Able Men To Carry On Important Research Work

Keeping Up Vitamin Supply

Diet Of Milk, Meat, Eggs, Vegetables and Fruits Is Very Helpful

Medical science still knows comparatively little about the necessities and supply of vitamins, although it recognizes that they "produce profound changes in growth," Dr. F. F. Tisdall, of Toronto, declared in a scientific session of the Canadian Medical Association at Vancouver.

"Everyone in the world seems to know all about vitamins but the medical profession," he remarked. After demonstrating by slides the result of experiments with vitamin diets, he concluded by stating that, as a practical application of what is known, a diet of milk, meat, eggs, vegetables and fruits, should go a long way in supplying the essentials to proper nutrition.

Fifty per cent. of our diet today is made up of refined flour and sugars, he said, which is lacking in vitamins and almost lacking in proteins. The problem lies in seeing that the amounts necessary to make up for this deficiency are found in the remainder of the diet.

"The deficiency of a vital element cannot be made up by taking an excess of another," he added. Experiments had proved this. It has also been demonstrated that when fed on special foods children had reached greater growth than those fed a "normal" diet.

The difference in the vitality between the Oriental and the Occidental people had been traced by an authority, he said.

At least ten minerals are essential to life, said Dr. Tisdall, but all except three are found in sufficient quantities in our normal diets. The three are calcium, iron and iodine.

Weaning Young Pigs

Natural Weaning Has Been Found To Bring Best Results

Natural weaning gives best results with a litter of young pigs, and to obtain this, feed suitable for young pigs should be provided in the creep. A good mixture for the purpose is a half and half combination of middlings and finely ground oats from which the hulls have been sifted. Young pigs will start to nibble at the feed at about two to four weeks of age, and by the sixth or seventh week should be eating quite freely. Under such a procedure shock incidental to more abrupt methods is overcome and weaning develops as a natural event.—Pamphlet 135 N.S., Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Keeping Cream Fresh

Studies in keeping cream sweet made by the Dairy and Cold Storage Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, show conclusively that iced water not only keeps cream better than when it is placed in a refrigerator, but that it takes considerably less ice. The reason for this lies in the fact that the iced water, being a better conductor than the cold air of the refrigerator, cools the cream more quickly.

New hose equipment makes it possible to direct a stream of water around a corner, thus helping firemen to reach some fire spots more effectively.

Need for a better understanding of the significance of and necessity for research was urged by Dr. H. M. Tory, president of the national research council, Ottawa, Ont., addressing the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists, in session at Guelph, Ontario. He advocated more co-operation between scientific men.

A plea for the retention in Canada of able men was made by Dr. Tory, who deplored the circumstances which led to the best brains leaving the country.

"You can't make a first class country with second class men," he said. "We must hold onto our best brains. We have material out of which to make leaders for every activity to be found in Canada," he stated in an address in which he traced the development of national research movements throughout the world.

Production costs will strike a level that will help to stabilize land values, said Dr. O. C. Stine, president of the American farm economics board, who also spoke. While the next two or three years might mean a great deal of suffering to producing countries, he said, the outlook now is brighter than it was a short time ago.

Growth of the organization during the past year was reported to members by W. T. Macoun of Ottawa, in his presidential address.

Mr. Macoun emphasized the fact that three new branches of the organization had been formed during the year, and reported increased activity in all departments of the society's work. He urged the members to pay more attention to the average man and suggested extension work of the C.S.T.A. be increased in the future.

Egg Consumption Is High

Per Capita Consumption Of Eggs Higher In Canada Than The U.S.

Prof. J. V. Rice of Cornell University recently called attention to the Canadian per capita egg consumption which is shown as 26.8 dozens, whereas that for the United States for the same year is shown as 16.7 dozens. While these figures are for 1925, as the figures from the most recent United States census have not as yet been made available, they show that Canada increased her per capita consumption from 15.1 dozens in 1901 to 26.8 dozens in 1925, and to 30.8 dozens in 1930, whereas that for the United States has hovered around the 16 dozen figure for some 30 or more years.

The editor of a produce journal in the United States comments as follows: "It would seem that the Canadian figures would give a fair answer to the question as to whether or not our increasing production of eggs can be disposed of by increasing consumer demand. No doubt, more careful standardization of quality will have some effect upon consumption but it will take, as well, considerable additional effort to bring our per capita consumption up to the same level as that in Canada."

Cattle For British Market

Twenty-seven cars of pure bred cattle arrived in Winnipeg from further west the other day en route to the British market over Canadian Pacific rails. This is the seventh shipment of the kind from Western Canadian ranches since last October.



"You annoy me from morning till night, Minna." "Impossible, madam. You are not up till mid-day!"—Fliegende Blaetter, Munich.

ENGLISH ROWING BELLES COMPETE ON THE CONTINENT



Above are seven members of the rowing crew which will represent Great Britain at Lucerne, Switzerland, at the international rowing regatta. These girls will compete against crews of German, Belgian and Swiss girls in several events.

HEADACHES

Needless pains like headaches are quickly relieved by Aspirin tablets as millions of people know. And no matter how suddenly a headache may come upon you, you can always be prepared. Carry the pocket tin of Aspirin tablets with you. Keep the larger size at home. Read the proven directions for pain, headaches, neuralgia, etc.



Made in Canada

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The will of Dr. Horace A. Bashore, a dentist of York, Pennsylvania, provides that all bills due him for dental work be cancelled.

During 1930 Canadians spent \$200,000,000 on alcoholic beverages and \$50,000,000 on cigarettes—more than the annual premiums on the entire amount of life insurance in Canada.

Alfred Aloysius "Trader" Horn, co-author of the book "Trader Horn," died in a hospital at Whitstable, England, after a brief illness. He was 78 years old.

The Vimy Ridge War Memorial will not be ready for unveiling before 1934 or 1935, Hon. D. M. Sutherland, Minister of National Defence, told the House of Commons.

Without any discussion a bill authorizing a loan of \$300,000 to the harbour commissioners of New Westminster, B.C., was given third reading in the House of Commons.

Gerald Egerton Williams, 29, who was shot down while flying over the German lines on the morning of Armistice Day, died at Bournemouth, England, of injuries sustained in an auto accident.

Mahatma Gandhi has been designated by the government to represent the Indian Nationalists on the federal structure committee of the second round table conference, which meets in London, England, September 5.

Recently appointed to the Manitoba and western Ontario command, Royal Canadian Mounted Police, superintendent Richard Field arrived at Winnipeg from Dawson, Y.T. He succeeds Supt. A. B. Allard, who was transferred to the Yukon post.

Glad, fifteen and a half miles southwest of Nelson, across the Kootenay River, and a flag station on the Canadian Pacific Railway on the Nelson-Rossland Branch, may become the new home of the Sons of Freedom, if efforts now being put forward by the province meet with success.

Post Offices In Canada

Canada has 12,427 post offices, an increase of 18 since last year, and of 180 since 1922, was the reply given by Hon. Arthur Sauve, postmaster-general, to a question asked in the House of Commons. Rural mail carriers throughout the country number 4,256.

The average backseat driver considers herself the poet's ideal. — "A perfect woman, nobly planned to warn, to comfort and command."



Young Mattison has a loud-speaker in his room, and one evening he goes out leaving it on.

Mistress: "I hear sounds in Master Mattison's room. Go and see whom he has in there."

Maid (returning): "There is only the radio there. It is talking to itself." — Kasper, Stockholm.

W N. U. 1897

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JULY 12

THE PREACHING OF THE APOSTLES

Golden Text: "We must obey God rather than men."—Acts 5:29.

Lesson: Acts 3:1 to 4:31; 1 Corinthians 1:21-25.

Devotional Reading: Romans 10:8-15.

Explanations and Comments

The Arrest Of Peter and John, 4:1-4.—Priests and Sadducees and the captain of the temple were troubled because Peter and John proclaimed the resurrection of Jesus Christ. The captain of the temple was the commander of the temple guard, and was himself a priest second in rank only to the high priest. The Sadducean party, to which the high priestly class at this time belonged, did not believe in the doctrine of a resurrection, and, of course, it was especially galling to them to have the apostles teach the people that Jesus had risen from the dead. They arrested the apostles, but because it was too late for a trial that day they had them imprisoned for the night. The result of Peter's preaching, Luke now tells us, was that about five thousand men believed in Christ. No wonder the authorities were startled when men of Jerusalem who had cried "Crucify Him," were now convinced that the Crucified was the Risen Saviour.

Peter's Boldness Before the Sanhedrin, 4:5-12.—On the morning rulers and scribes, who composed the Sanhedrin, sat in session. The Sanhedrin was the great Jewish tribunal which was supreme in all matters affecting the Jewish law, the sentence of death being the only penalty which they might not impose. Annas and Ca'aphas, before whom Jesus had been brought a prisoner, Alexander and other great officials were present. The Sanhedrin sat in a semicircle and the prisoners, Peter and John, stood before them. The man whom Peter had healed was also there, as a kind of accessory to the "good deed."

"By what power, or in what name, have ye done this?" the officials demanded.

Then Peter, filled with the Holy Spirit and eager to use the chance thus given him, replied: "Ye rulers of the people [chief priests] and elders [representatives of the Sanhedrin], if we this day are examined concerning a good deed done to an impotent man, by what means this man is made whole [if, like criminals, we are forced to defend ourselves for doing good], be it known unto you all, and to all the people of Israel, that in the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth, whom ye crucified, whom God raised from the dead, even in Him doth this man stand before you whole." Thus Peter answered their question and with superb daring accused them of the crime of having put to death the Lord's Anointed.

"He is the Stone which was set at nought of you, the builders, which was made the Head of the Corner." The stone made the head of the corner is the stone at the angle of two walls which supports and unites them. Had the arch been in common use the figure of the keystone would probably have been employed instead.

"For in none other is there salvation: for neither is there any other name under heaven, that is given among men, wherein we must be saved." "We," in the Greek has an emphatic position at the end of the sentence, as has also "ye" in verse seven. By what name have ye, ignorant men, done this? There is no other name wherein we—the judges and we the fishermen—must be saved.

"I find a man trying to lift a stone, which is too heavy for his strength; and I say to him: 'Get out your tackle and pulleys, and then you can lift it. You cannot move that stone without a tackle and pulley.' And no man can take the fruits of civilization unless he lays hold on powers other than his own; and no man can take the fruit of high, noble, divine, moral, spiritual culture unless he reaches out and lays hold of powers that are not his own, that make for righteousness."

The Apostles Threatened and Dismissed, 4:13-22.—The Sanhedrin marvelled at the boldness of Peter and John, who, they perceived, were unlearned and ignorant men; and seeing the man that was healed standing with them, they could say nothing against it. They could neither dispute the fact of the cure nor answer the arguments of Peter. "What must we do with these men?" they questioned. Accordingly they decided to threaten the apostles, hoping thus to prevent their speaking to any one "in this Name."

Peter and John were recalled and were charged not to speak nor teach in the name of Jesus. Respectfully and magnificently Peter replied, "Whether it is right in the sight of God to hearken unto you rather than unto God, judge ye; for we cannot but speak the things which we saw and heard."

The cheapness of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator puts it within reach of all, and it can be got at any druggist's.

More than 7,500 varieties of toy soldiers with the uniforms worn all over the world for 2,000 years were exhibited at the Leipzig Fair.

A Provincial Pleasure Resort

The Opening Function Of Lake Manitou Provincial Resort

Attracts Great Gathering Saskatchewan, making a definite bid for its proportionate share of the approximately \$300,000,000 spent by tourists in Canada, annually, has supplemented its aggressive all-weather road policy by establishment of one of the most unique and attractive tourist and family resorts in the Dominion.

On July 4, Hon. J. T. M. Anderson, Premier of the Province, officially opened Manitou Lake Lodge, the central building of the camp site which is located in the Provincial Park which flanks the shores of Little Manitou Lake, renowned for the medicinal properties of its waters.

Hon. J. A. Merkley, under whose direction the relief work has been conducted, and other members of the Cabinet, as well as a considerable number of Canadian journalists, who were attending their annual convention at Regina, were present. There was a great gathering of people from almost every part of the Province and from outside points, and the occasion was in every respect a gala one.

This marked the establishment of a Provincial Summer resort, convenient of access to the people of a great prairie region, delightful in its natural beauties, providing good accommodation, and offering many of the requirements desired by those seeking rest and recreation.

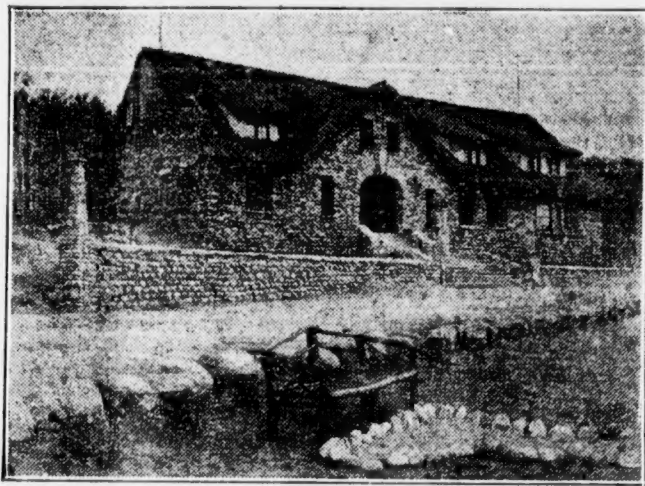
Its establishment is part of a Provincial programme to show the people of the Province, that after spending their working days at home, they do not need to seek their rest and

work to clear roads and paths and camp sites. A picturesque lodge has been erected, almost entirely of native material and sixteen excellent cottages built. The collection of the stones for the building afforded much needed employment for farmers with their teams from a wide district. In many cases dual objects were served—the furtherance of the work on hand, and removing the stones from the land. The open winter greatly facilitated this work.

The Lodge and the cottages are thatched with rushes from a small bay of the lake. They were cut after the water had frozen, when the farmers harvested them by means of mowing machines driven over the ice. They were then sorted and tied in bundles by men experienced in this work. It was discovered that there were a number of men among the unemployed from Ireland and elsewhere, who were experienced thatchers, and these men were entrusted with the roofing work. Not only has a picturesque effect, reminiscent of lovely British lanes been achieved, but the thatch is proving to be both serviceable and economical.

The lodge is equipped with modern conveniences, including running water and electric light, and there is water and light in all the cottages. A cooking kitchen 51 feet long by 8 feet wide has been built for the convenience of cottager and camper, and in its longitudinal plan provides accommodation for many summer cooks without conflict in their operations.

A great deal of work has been done in clearing roads, and in making winding and attractive paths through the woodland groves. Convenient camp sites have been prepared, with flat camping space for the tent, and



Lake Manitou Lodge built by the Government of Saskatchewan to supply work for unemployed farmers. Native stone was used in construction and the roof is thatched with rushes cut from the marsh lands near by. The photo shows the building in course of completion.

recreation abroad. Saskatchewan summer days are long and fair; natural beauties are many and varied, and there is no need to look elsewhere for holiday grounds.

To those sojourning at Lake Manitou this season, it will be pleasant to contemplate, that many of the facilities which minister to their pleasure and comfort, in their creation furnished sorely needed work and wages to many a bread-winner. That perhaps was the keynote that prompted the development of this resort.

Manitou Lake which lies close to the town of Watrous on the Canadian National Railway, is a lovely oasis in the midst of a wide region of level prairie, between the northern end of Last Mountain Lake, and the South Saskatchewan River. It is the natural "Spa" of the Province, and the summer resort for the people of a wide extent of the Prairie country.

It occupies a blind valley with neither inlet nor egress that some inscrutable movement of nature has caused to be scooped out of the surrounding plain. The banks are covered with a lovely woodland verdure, and slope away to fine sandy beaches at the water's edge.

The waters of the lake, which change their colours as the quick cloud shadows sweep across their surface, are ideal for swimming, boating, and summer sports. From time immemorial, the Indians believed they were endowed by the Manitou with healing virtues, and many a wilderness caravan bringing sick and suffering to seek relief, halted by the banks.

Nor was this an idle belief. Science declares that the waters of this lake may have a real value in skin and rheumatism affections. Remarkable cures have been ascribed to imbibing and bathing.

Situated as it is, not only convenient to railway transportation, but on fine highways, which make it easily accessible from Regina, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon and other prairie points, and possessed of almost every qualification for summer holidaying, it is not to be wondered at, that this Provincial Park is rapidly becoming the Mecca of summer vacationists from all over the province. The Provincial Government realizing this, last winter so arranged a portion of its unemployment programme, in order to add something by art to what nature has already done to the place. The first object was to relieve unemployment, and the second to develop Manitou Lake and its surroundings as a Provincial Park. With these ends in view much work was done during the winter and spring.

There are about thirty acres, originally thickly wooded with the graceful native poplar. Men were set to

parking ground for the car. The arrangements in connection with the sites are handled from the Lodge.

The exterior view of the Lodge is picturesque and attractive. Built entirely of native stone the walls rise from a terrace surrounded by a stone enclosure, garnished with stone electric light standards in the middle and at the end. Cement steps lead from the roadway to the main entrance, a massive stone arch opening upon a spacious vestibule. From the vestibule, an arched doorway leads to a wide and airy rotunda with a fine stone fireplace. On the east wall, there are two stone electric light standards, and on the west side a stairway leads to a gallery which encircles the whole rotunda. On the second storey there are ten rooms for the accommodation of guests. At the west end of the Lodge on the ground floor, there is a den with built in fireplace, and some private suites. The east end is also divided into suites.

An attractive rock garden has been prepared at the front of the lodge. A fountain has been built, and the slope leading to the main entrance terraced. A flagstone walk bordered with native stone leads from the lodge to the beach, where there is a stone pier. The slopes surrounding the lodge have been artistically terraced, and six and a half miles of stone bordered crescents for one way traffic, have been laid out. The entire area of the Park has been circled by a bridge path, cut and rock bordered.

The work at Manitou Park was in the main used as a centre to provide employment, sorely needed for people from a very widely extended district. Practically all of the teaming, and a goodly proportion of the work was done by farmers of this class. Approximately 500 men went through the payroll on a rotation system that was designed to be as equitable as possible. About 75 per cent. of the workers were from the farms, and a number of them lived at home, and were enabled to go to and from their work each day. Workers from distant points, and those unable or too far away, to return home each evening, were well looked after in the quarters of the sanitarium company. There were about 165 workers of this later class employed.

About \$50,000 was disbursed in this way, half of which was paid by the Federal Government, and the other half by the Province under the unemployment arrangement. Practically the only portion of this sum spent outside of the Province for material went for hardware and cement.

There is a fine spring of fresh water that wells out of the hillside, and which has made possible an ample supply piped into the lodge and

Keep Free From Fat--Feel Younger

Unlike most salts, Kruschen isn't simply a laxative—if that's all you want any kind of salts with any kind of a label will do—but is that all you want?

When you take Kruschen Salts you not only stimulate your bowels, liver and kidneys to function naturally and perfectly, but you supply every internal organ, gland, nerve and fibre in the body with nature's own revitalizing and rejuvenating minerals.

Get a bottle of Kruschen Salts at any drug store—take one-half teaspoon in a glass of hot water every morning before breakfast—cut down on sweets and fat forming foods and get some moderate regular exercise—in just a few days indolence changes to activity and life grows brighter.

A Virginia woman writes: "I just started on my second bottle of Kruschen Salts and have been losing flesh right along—you have fathomed the secret of flesh reduction."

cottages, and is available for the use of the campers. A scientific system of septic tanks provides for the sewage from the lodge in a modern and hygienic manner.

The beaches are delightful for bathing and swimming. The slope to the depths are gradual, and there is little fear of accidents to the children who delight to paddle along the shore.

The waters are buoyant and pleasant for swimmers, who require little effort either for support or propulsion. A bather may remain cradled in the embrace of the lake, and float in gentle undulations oblivious of the world and its cares. The healing qualities of the water are really remarkable, and bathers suffering from minor wounds or abrasions after a few immersions, find they have disappeared as if by magic.

There are boats available, and during the season, a merry laughing throng, are invariably engaged in aquatic sports. Riding a surf board towed by a motor boat is a popular sport, and it is the very poetry of youth and action to see a handsome girl erect upon a surf board coursing through a cloud of spray.

There is golf links close at hand, where the devotees of the "ancient and royal game" may brandish niblick and driver, and cry "fore," to their heart's content.

The Northern Seaport

Plans For the Development Of the Townsite Of Churchill

Plans for the development of the townsite of Churchill, seaport of northern Manitoba and terminals of the Hudson Bay Railway, call for the construction of a modern town, with central heating, fireproof public building and semi-fireproof residences, boulevards, parks and squares.

Constructed under a town planning system, approved of by Hon. Donald G. McKenzie, Provincial Minister of Mines and Natural Resources, every facility of a modern town will be provided. The townsite will be ready for settlement next year. No property will be sold, but it will be disposed of in 50-year leases, subject to revision every five-years.

Churchill will be blessed with wide streets for through traffic, protected residential districts and generous space for recreation. All streets, parks and squares will be named after early explorers and heroes of Canadian history.

Good Poultry Record

Performance Of B.C. University Rhode Island Reds Is Attracting Attention

Professor E. A. Lloyd, head of the poultry department of the University of British Columbia, states that the members of the University's family of Rhode Island Reds have already averaged over 100 eggs in their second year and give promise of exceeding an average of 200 before the fall. Such production has never been recorded in any strain or breed anywhere in the world, he said. There are eight birds in the family.

The inventor of a new riveting machine claims it is noiseless. We hope he turns his talents next to peanut brittle and celery.



BABY'S OWN SOAP

"It's Best for You and Baby too"

EXPLAINS REASON FOR APPENDIX TO STAMP REPORT

Ottawa, Ont.—How the offending Appendix XII, attached to the report of the Stamp Commission which enquired into trading in grain futures, came to be affixed there was explained in the House of Commons when the prime minister tabled a written reply to a series of questions asked by Hon. W. R. Motherwell (Lib., Melville). The appendix takes the form of a chart filed by the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, and purports to show that only on a few days in the past four years were the prices for No. 3 Northern paid by the pool higher than those which could have been secured in open market trading.

Explaining the events which led up to publication of the report, Mr. Bennett's reply says:

"Mr. Commissioner Evans and the secretary of the commission (L. B. Pearson, first secretary of the Department of External Affairs), appeared before the prime minister on Saturday, May 2, with a typewritten copy of the report. The prime minister suggested to Mr. Evans and Mr. Pearson that the report should be printed, if possible, in time to be mailed to the chairman by the 'Mauretania,' which sailed from New York the following Wednesday, May 6. Only those exhibits which had been selected by the chairman were printed as appendices to the report. Among them was the chart which became Appendix XII.

"Neither the prime minister nor any representative of his government perused or checked the report or its appendices before they were sent to the king's printer. The commission was responsible for its report.

"The main report was sent at once to the printing bureau on May 2. The appendices were sent when the proof of the main report had been printed.

"A total of 10,126 copies of the report minus Appendix XII, have been distributed.

"The appendix has been removed from all copies of the report in possession of departments of the government, and those persons to whom the report, with Appendix XII, attached, has already been sent, have been or are being communicated with requesting them to remove the appendix in question."

Court Gives Judgment On Radio Broadcasting

Decision That Control Belongs To Dominion Parliament Not Unanimous

Ottawa, Ont.—Control of radio broadcasting in Canada belongs to the Dominion parliament and not to the provincial legislatures. This was the decision of a majority of the judges of the Supreme Court of Canada, handed down in the radio reference.

The court was not unanimous. Chief Justice Anglin, Mr. Justice Smith and Mr. Justice Newcombe ruled in favor of the Dominion's claim to full jurisdiction over radio on the ground, as the chief justice put it, of "convenience amounting to necessity."

In dissenting judgments, Mr. Justice Rinfret and Mr. Justice Lamont held the jurisdiction of the Dominion was not unlimited and took the stand that the provinces were entitled to a measure of control, particularly over radio receiving operation.

The case was one of the most important heard before the supreme court in some time and turned on the construction of the British North America Act. It was brought about by the action of the Province of Quebec which contested the Dominion's claim to complete legislative control over radio.

Court-Martial For Aviator

Chateauroux, France.—The daredevil military aviator Sergeant Herve Martin, will be court-martialed on serious charges for his responsibility in the accidental killing of two persons and injuries to two others. He was flying low above an automobile when the under-carriage of the plane struck the occupants, decapitating one of them.

W. N. U. 1897

Five Killed In 'Plane Crash

Opening Of Air Pageant At Hamilton Marked With Tragedy

Hamilton, Ont.—Five persons were crushed to death, in a Travelair monoplane here when the pilot, attempting to swerve to avoid a crowded field, lost control of his machine as the fabric on the left wing ripped and sent the plane flying over on its back.

The dead:

Captain Robert Sterling, of Montreal, pilot of the plane.

Harold Raine, general superintendent of the Canadian Press, Toronto.

J. H. Maher, Jr., owner of the plane.

Charles L. Daly, Jr., Toronto parachute jumper.

Alfred Rogers, of Hamilton, Ont.

The plane had just participated in a "rat chase" over the city in an effort to draw a crowd to the airport, where the pageant was to have been held. The pilot swerved downward, but on account of the crowded field apparently changed his mind and attempted to zoom back up, but the fabric of the machine was ripped from the left wing, and the plane crashed about 150 feet to the ground.

The plane was a mass of debris and broken parts were scattered for yards around. All except Rogers were dead when taken from the wreckage, and he died in an ambulance en route to the hospital.

What was to have been a brilliant opening of a trans-Canada air tour to help make Canada more "air-minded" was marked by tragedy.

The plane that crashed was one of a numerous fleet that was to have travelled to the Pacific Coast and back after a two-day air carnival at Hamilton. Captain Sterling would have piloted it throughout the tour.

Leads In Disarmament

Britain Has Now Gone the Limit Says Premier MacDonald

London, England.—"We have gone pretty nearly to the limit of the example," said Prime Minister J. Ramsay MacDonald a trifle wearily in the House of Commons, as he took the navy, army and air services, comparing the British figures with those of the other great powers.

"The naval appropriations of other countries have increased in much the same proportion as ours has decreased," observed the prime minister, speaking on the navy.

As he closed his disquieting comparisons Mr. MacDonald pleaded: "I would appeal to the other nations interested in peace and disarmament to admit that one nation cannot by its own example bring about disarmament—that it is the duty of every one to join together and make further disarmament possible by international agreement."

Radio Policy

Quebec May Appeal To Privy Council On Question

Ottawa, Ont.—The finding of the majority of the Supreme Court of Canada in favor of exclusive jurisdiction of radio was gratifying to Hon. Alfred Durand, Minister of Marine, whose department has charge of radio.

"We did not think it advisable to outline a policy on radio broadcasting until we got the decision as to jurisdiction," said the minister. "It now rests with Premier Taschereau whether he will appeal to the privy council. If Quebec does not appeal we will take up the question as soon as the time limit for making an appeal has expired."

MacNider Praises Herridge

Ottawa, Ont.—Back from a ten-day visit to Washington, Col. The Hon. Handford MacNider, United States minister to Canada, Monday, June 29, spoke in glowing terms of the impression made by Major W. D. Herridge, Canada's new minister to the United States. "Everybody was tremendously impressed with Major Herridge," Col. MacNider declared.

R.C.M.P. Changes

Winnipeg, Man.—Recently appointed to the Manitoba and western Ontario command, Royal Canadian Mounted Police, superintendent Richard Field arrived here from Dawson, Y.T. He succeeds Supt. A. B. Allard, who was transferred to the Yukon post.

HEADS MEDICAL MEN



Dr. Alex. Primrose, of Toronto, who was chosen resident-elect of the Canadian Medical Association for 1932 at a meeting of the Council at Vancouver recently.

British Team For Canada

Rifleman From Old Country To Enter Competition At Ottawa

London, England.—Commander Sir Lionel Fletcher, R.N.R., retired, has been appointed captain of the British team which under the auspices of the National Rifle Association, has accepted the invitation of the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association to shoot in matches in Ottawa under Kolar and Mackinnon conditions as known at Bisley. The team will leave England by the Cunarder Ascania on July 24, arriving in Montreal on August 2, and will arrive home again, travelling in S.S. Aurania, by about August 29.

United States Warns France

Germany Will Declare Moratorium If Hoover Plan Fails

Washington, D.C.—The United States has warned France, that failure of President Hoover's moratorium plan would unquestionably result in Germany's declaring a moratorium of reparations under the Young plan.

The acting secretary of the state department said that the French government had received pleasantly the United States' formal re-expression of its position on a debt moratorium.

Joan Of Arc Memorial

Rouen, France.—Lady Douglas Haig has just presented to Monsignor de la Villerabel, archbishop of Rouen, primate of Normandy, a purse of \$2,000 collected among English people to help towards the memorial chapel to Joan of Arc, to be erected on the market place of this city.

Complete Epochal World Flight

Post and Gatty Circle Globe In Less Than Nine Days

Roosevelt Field, L.I.—Wiley Post and Harold Gatty completed a flight around the world at 7:47 1/2 (E.S.T.) July 1st, marking the 16,000-mile journey in less than nine days with 13 intermediate stops.

At 7:44 p.m., the white ship "Winie Mae" shot at terrific speed out of salmon-colored sunset and a crowd of approximately 2,000 broke into wild cheers.

Post, the one-eyed pilot, who had done all the flying on the journey around the world, shot his swift plane over the crowd, banked steeply and made three leisurely circles of the field, selecting the best possible place for the landing.

Gatty and Post completed the world flight in eight days, 15 hours and 51 minutes. Their actual flying time in the air was only four days, ten hours and eight minutes.

As soon as the plane stopped rolling, Gatty and Post climbed from the cabins, turned their plane over to a police guard, and entered an automobile which carried them half-a-mile across the field to the administration building.

As they left the automobile, friends and admirers of the flyers grabbed them up and carried them the last stage on their shoulders as flashlights boomed in the falling darkness.

Suddenly the police lines gave way and the field became a bedlam with excitement ruling supreme, and numerous fist fights breaking out as police, with night sticks in their hands, attempted to force a way for the flyers.

New Constitution For Spain

Universal Suffrage, Religious Freedom and Abolition Of Titles

Madrid, Spain.—A preliminary draft of a new constitution providing for universal suffrage, religious freedom and abolition of all titles of nobility was made public by the government commission created some time ago to prepare the document.

It provides for a presidential term of six years, the president to be elected by a majority of the senate and the Lower House in joint session. There would be 240 senators divided equally among the "cultural, industrial and labor entities," and 470 deputies elected by popular suffrage, including the vote of women.

Returns from the day's general assembly election confirm the original belief that the Conservative Republican-Socialists have an overwhelming majority in the assembly with the Monarchists left only five deputies out of more than 350 and the Communists with none at all.

\$10,000,000 GOES UP IN SMOKE



This picture was taken when the fire which destroyed part of the famous harbour of Saint John, N.B., was at its height. The scene, looking south, shows some of the piers burning rapidly while ships are being towed away from the fire zone. Before the tragic conflagration had burned itself out more than \$10,000,000 dollars' worth of damage had been done.

ASSISTANCE IS PROMISED FOR DROUTH AREAS

Ottawa, Ont.—Expressing the fear that Canada is faced with perhaps "the greatest national calamity that has ever overtaken the country," as a result of the serious drouth which prevailed in Saskatchewan and sections of Alberta and Manitoba, Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, prime minister, announced in the House of Commons, that he would submit to parliament a measure for relief of the sufferers.

The prime minister announced also that it was his intention, as soon as disposition has been made of measures on the order paper and other measures to be considered, to submit to parliament unemployment measures "that we hope will enable us successfully to grapple with that difficulty during the coming winter and the balance of the year that is before us."

Prefacing his remarks by the statement that this is the 64th anniversary of Confederation, Mr. Bennett went on to declare that Canada could contemplate the past with some measure of pride and satisfaction and the future with courage, hope and confident faith. But with respect to the present, conditions in certain parts of the west were such that "notwithstanding the copious rains of the last 36 hours it will not be possible for any harvest in the way of grain to be reaped in a very substantial area."

Probably more than 5,000,000 acres of land had been adversely affected by the drouth, continued Mr. Bennett. From information received from the government, it was learned that at least 100,000 people were affected directly, and also their herds.

Canada, he asserted, had not hesitated to meet disastrous conditions affecting other countries. Therefore he proposed to ask parliament to assist in meeting this. The extent of the assistance would necessarily depend on information as to the need.

Co-operation of the Liberal party in any measures for meeting the situation was expressed by Rt. Hon. Mackenzie King. Co-operation would be given in the fullest measure by all members associated with him. He suggested that, as considerable sums would have to be spent in connection with this emergency, as well as unemployment, something in the nature of a national relief board should be established.

Mr. King remarked that at the time of the Halifax disaster a relief commission had been appointed to administer a fund of \$20,000,000. He was confident that \$20,000,000 would not begin to meet what the administration would have to spend in connection with relief this year.

Premier Bennett referred to the constitutional difficulties involved in administering federal funds for provincial purposes. The Halifax board, he stated, had operated under the terms of the War Measures Act, which could not now be invoked. However, it was suggested by Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice, that, if parliament declared unemployment an emergency, the Dominion Government could take direct steps to deal with it under certain provisions of the B.N.A. Act.

Injured Aviatrix Goes Home

Ruth Nichols Made Journey In Ambulance Airplane

Armonk, N.Y.—Ruth Nichols, Rye aviatrix, whose proposed trans-Atlantic flight was interrupted by a crash in which she was injured at Saint John, N.B., returned home in an ambulance airplane piloted by Clarence Chamberlain.

Her representatives said she expected to be ready to start her interrupted trans-Atlantic flight as soon as her plane had been rebuilt, or in about six weeks.

Demands Pool Inquiry

Edmonton, Alberta.—Demand for a public inquiry into the operation of the Alberta wheat pool and its elevator system, such as was recently conducted in Manitoba, was made by W. R. Howson, Liberal member of the legislature for Edmonton, in a public statement issued here.

Palestine's population has just been estimated at 900,000.

The Carbon Chronicle

Issued Every Thursday at
CARBON, ALBERTA

Member Alberta Division Canadian
Weekly Newspapers Association

Subscription \$2.00 a year, U.S. \$2.50
Payable Strictly in Advance

ADVERTISING RATES

Transient Advertising, per inch...50c
Reading Notices, per count line...10c
Legal Advertising, 15c per count line
First insertion and 10c per count line
each subsequent insertion.

Notices of entertainments, meetings, sales, etc., at which admission is charged, articles sold, or collection taken, with the exception of actual church services, will be charged for at the regular advertising rates.

All advertising changes of copy must be in the hands of the printers by noon on Tuesday, or no changes can be made or ads. discontinued.

Paper goes to press Wednesday afternoon each week.

EDOUARD J. ROULEAU,
Editor and Publisher

WHERE DOES THE WEEKLY NEWSPAPER COME IN?

Every daily newspaper in the Dominion of Canada carried a full page advertisement on July 2nd, gloating over the success that the daily newspapers made of the Dominion of Canada Conversion Loan, through their advertising medium. In one paragraph this advertisement reads:

"The Government carried a series of clear-cut announcements in every daily newspaper throughout the Dominion. These in turn were supplemented by the individual advertisements of banks, bond dealers and financial houses. The use of other media was inconsequential."

This last statement "the use of other media was inconsequential" hits the Canadian weekly newspaper pretty hard and we cannot let it pass without an appeal through facts and figures. It seems that the daily newspapers do not think much of the weekly newspapers or the circulation which they have throughout the Dominion of Canada. We shudder at the thought of the closing of all weekly newspapers in the Dominion. World education would be limited to a few and national advertisers would certainly find that there was a decrease in the sale of their products.

But to get back to the point that only the daily newspapers are proper advertising mediums and that the use of other media is inconsequential. Take the Province of Alberta for instance, which is probably a poor example of comparison of weekly newspaper circulation with daily newspaper circulation. The total approximate daily newspaper circulation in Alberta is 94,000. The total circulation of the weekly newspapers is approximately 300,000, or over 200,000 more than the daily newspaper circulation.

In connection with the Conversion Loan, all advertisements were run in every weekly newspaper as well as every daily newspaper. From reliable information and figures it may be seen that Alberta's weekly newspapers number approximately 3 to 1 with the circulation of the dailies. In Ontario, where the population is greater this proportionate basis will probably be about 7 to 1 in favor of the weekly newspapers.

The daily newspaper advertising of the Dominion of Canada Conversion Loan most certainly helped to put over the issue successfully, but how can the daily newspapers make such statements as "the use of other advertising media is inconsequential" when they must or should know the above facts.

The weekly newspaper circulation is a big factor to national and local advertisers, and the weekly newspaper plays a large part in Canadian journalism. There are few country folk who do not take their local paper, and read it from front page to back, including the advertisements.

TEACHERS' SALARIES

The school term is over and teachers' salaries for the time being have stopped. But it will not be long before the schools are re-opened and teachers will be employed. During the past year when times were so hard, the teachers' salaries of most schools in the Province were the same as they were in the good old bustling days of 1928, when conditions were at their very best. During the last few months of the 1930-31 term some school boards

of the Province cut the salaries, others have since made a cut to apply on the commencement of the fall term.

Now in all fairness to the taxpayers of Carbon, should the School Board not make a cut in the teachers' salaries of this district? This will not create a hardship on any of the teachers. The cost of living, according to Government statistics has been lowered by approximately one-third. This may impose on some of the teachers should their salaries be cut one-third, but a fifteen per cent decrease in salary for teachers would not and could not in these trying times, be considered an imposition on any teacher. When times come back to normal again these salaries can be raised at the discretion of the school boards.

At the present time the teachers in the Province will have to take a cut in salary the same as every other salaried or business man has had to take the past two years. With the large number of unemployed teachers in the Province, there will be no lack of good teachers at any reduction in salary that might be made.

SUPPORT OF THE BRIDGE

We must have a bridge over the island. It may seem unnecessary to some of our citizens, but the fact remains that the crossing is dangerous and very annoying. We quote the following little incident to show the absolute necessity of a crossing of some kind, and we venture to say that if the person mentioned had been the wife of one of our councillors, or the wives of them all, that their skins wouldn't be worth very much if they didn't follow the rules and regulations of civilization and provide the necessities for a normal living condition for the citizens which they represent.

Saturday evening a woman resident on the island had some shopping to do. It was getting a little late when she ventured home and on coming to the crossing of the creek she found considerable difficulty in keeping to her feet, owing to the mud and light rain, which made things rather slippery. After several attempts to get to the little crossing, this woman had to take to her hands and knees in order to get there without mishap, other than to soil a few garments.

Mr. Citizen—and Mrs. Citizen—do you think this is fair treatment of your fellow townspeople? And is there not a real necessity for a crossing to the island? The sooner that this question is settled to the satisfaction of all, the better it will be for the welfare of the people of the Village of Carbon.

POOL POLICY TO BE DISCUSSED

A meeting of the Alberta Wheat Pool delegates will be held in Calgary on Monday, July 13th next. The future policy of the organization will be considered at this meeting. At its conclusion, a definite announcement will be made as to the system to be followed by the Alberta Pool Elevators Limited in the handling of 1931 crop.

The avalanche of publicity which has been circulated, describing, in many instances misrepresenting the Pool's position, has undoubtedly created a degree of confusion in the public mind as to the position of the Alberta Pool. Alberta Pool members can be assured that their organization is going to carry on under grower control. The changes in economic conditions as they affect wheat may necessitate a change in policy in the handling of members' grain, but it is anticipated that a system will be worked out that will meet the situation adequately and give co-operative activity a new impetus.

The organized growers of Western Canada have faced difficulties of vast proportions during the past two years and their organization has weathered such conditions in a manner that compares favorably with the experience of other business enterprises whose reverses for some reason have not received the same publicity as in the instance of the Wheat Pools.

The problems that have arisen may make a change in policy, temporarily at least, necessary in the future operations of the Alberta Wheat Pool. Careful consideration has been given to every angle of the situation and the conclusions reached will be presented to the delegates for their consideration at the meeting called for July 13th. No doubt the delegates will give effect to such of the proposals as are in their judgement best calculated to adjust the organization to the prevailing conditions, and to attain the purposes which have brought together in a common effort over 43,000 producers of the Province of Alberta.

Remember! When the next printing salesman walks into your office and asks you for a printing order, tell him that there is a printer in town and that he CAN do that particular job.

World's Grain Exhibition and Conference



Farmers Will Win \$210,750.00 in Prizes

The World's Grain Exhibition and Conference offers Canadian farmers an opportunity to share in cash prizes amounting to \$210,750.00. Comprised in 56 competitive classes, open to the whole world, are 1,701 cash prizes. A few of the major awards follow:

\$2,500 a first prize for 50 pounds of wheat, 30 pounds of oats,
\$1,500 for 40 pounds of barley, 50 pounds of rye,
\$ 800 for 10 ears of corn,
\$ 300 for 30 pounds of peas, 30 pounds of flax,
20 pounds of clover.

With this splendid opportunity before them, Canadian farmers should keep a watchful eye on their growing crops. They should mark for special care those areas that appear most promising.

It should be understood that all seed and grain samples, if they are not already selected, will have to be found in crops of this year. All exhibits must be received by the Exhibition authorities on or before March 1, 1932.

Of vital importance to the advancement of Canadian agriculture will be the winning of World Championships in 1932 by farmers of Canada. Their seed and grain exhibits must demonstrate to the world the quality of Canada's field crops.

Select the classes from the prize list most suited to the crop you grow, then select your samples from the best you have.

It is best to make your entry NOW.

Your sample for exhibit must be in the hands of the Secretary at Regina on or before March 1, 1932.

Valuable information relating to the preparation of grain and seed for exhibit may be secured by writing to the Secretary of the Provincial Committee, World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, care Department of Agriculture, your own province.

Show what you grow and share what you know

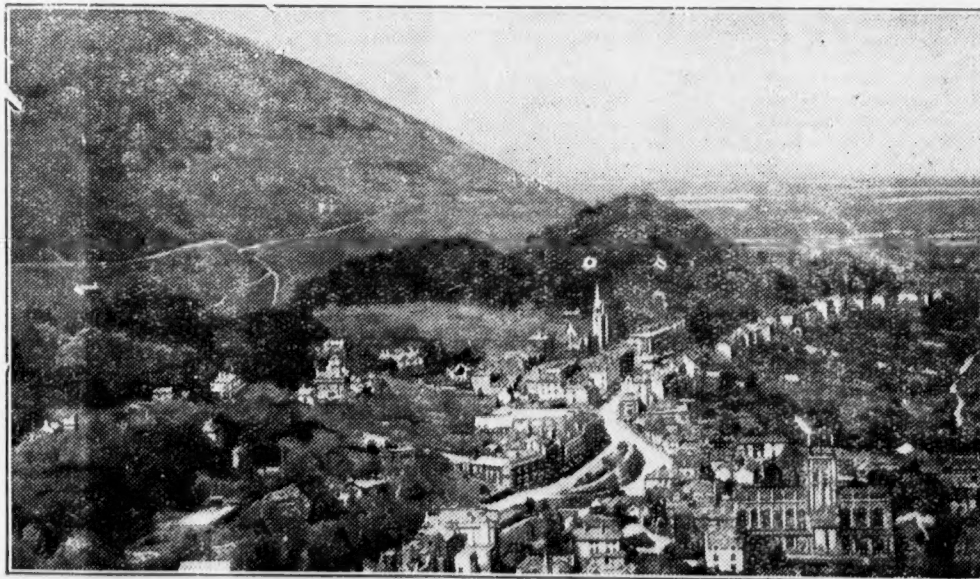
On application, the Secretary, World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, Imperial Bank Chambers, Regina, will send you prize lists, rules and regulations governing competitive entries and all other information.

Chairman National Committee
HON. ROBERT WEIR
Minister of Agriculture for
Canada

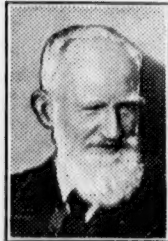
Chairman Executive and
Finance Committee
HON. W. C. PICKLE
Minister of Agriculture for
Saskatchewan



Malvern Calls To Drama-Lovers



As forth the news of the Armada over the entire West Country, so from the little English town, nestling among the Worcester-shire hills hard against the Welsh border, word goes forth today of the keeping alive of the spark of the English drama, faithfully from year to year, by means of the town's Annual Festival. Under the direction of Sir Barry Jackson, this event has become a national institution, even as its companion festival at



George Bernard Shaw

Shakespeare's immortal Stratford-upon-Avon. This year's program includes known and unknown English productions dating from 1513 to 1931 and is dedicated to George Bernard Shaw, to whom Sir Barry is looking to produce a new play, as the principal item of the bill, as he did "The Apple Cart", at the original Malvern Festival. The festival runs from August 3 to 22, inclusive, consisting of three repeated weeks of plays and a series of lectures by well-known authorities. Malvern is only 128 miles from London, but Gloucester and Worcester, both cities of considerable size and offering first-class hotels, are within easy reach. The town itself is also making special arrangements for the comfort of visitors during festival time. In addition to this the whole section of England is studded with villages and small towns with

good accommodation for travellers, and is criss-crossed with railways and excellent automobile roads, in scenery of unsurpassed splendor. Sailings of the Canadian Pacific's "Empresses" and "Duchesses", from Quebec to Southampton and Montreal to Liverpool, respectively, make excellent connections with the various weeks of the festival at Malvern, and will include the palatial new "Empress of Britain", the biggest and fastest ship in service between British Empire ports.



Sir Barry Jackson



BUSINESS cars, light delivery cars and taxis go farther with fewer interruptions on Goodyear Heavy Duty Tires. Road shocks at high speeds hold no terrors for the specially-built Supertwist carcass of the Goodyear Heavy Duty. The sharp, rugged blocks of its All-Weather Tread resist every effort of rain, snow and ice to slow up schedules.

We're proud to sell the Goodyear Heavy Duty Tire. We would like to put it on just one of your cars or trucks to prove what it can do for you. Why not make this worthwhile experiment now?

**GARRETT
MOTORS**

DEALER

—PHONE: 31—

Put a new Goodyear Tube in every new casing.

GOODYEAR HEAVY DUTY

Carbon-Calgary Bus Service

Leaves Carbon 8.00 a.m.
Arrives Calgary (Motor Coach
Terminal) 11.15 a.m.
Leaves Calgary (Motor Coach
Terminal) 5.00 p.m.
Arrives Carbon 8.15 p.m.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF COUNTRY TRIPS

W. Poxon & Son
GENERAL CARTAGE

WINTER BROS.' FUNERAL HOME

Next to Town Hall, Drumheller

Have a branch in Carbon
with stock in charge of Mr.
Cuttman, of the Carbon Trad-
ing Co.

Ambulance Service Day and Night

"A Modern Service at a Moderate Price"

DRAYING

FOR YOUR DRAYING SEE ME
ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE

JOHN WOLF

Printing---

WE DO IT and guarantee sa-
tisfaction. You can at least
give us a trial before you go to out-
side concerns who have no interest
in our community.

LET US QUOTE YOU PRICES NOW

THE CHRONICLE

CARBON TAILOR

Dry Cleaning — Repairing

Men's and ladies' suits and
coats cleaned and pressed.

LOW PRICES

ALEX SOBYSKI

S. N. WRIGHT LICENSED AUCTIONEER

S. F. Torrance
CLERK - PHONE 9

CARBON UNITED CHURCH

REV. WM. McNICHOL, M.A., Minister

SERVICE EVERY SUNDAY

Hesketh 11.00 A.M.
Gamble 2.00 P.M.
Carbon 7.30 P.M.

SUNDAY SCHOOL

Carbon 11.00 A.M.
Hesketh 2.00 P.M.
Gamble 3.00 P.M.

If you are looking for a church home,
come! We can help you.

If you are looking for Church work,
come! You can help us.

TOWN & COUNTRY Personalographs

The Misses Mabel Ramsay and Molly
Laing arrived home from Calgary last
week and will spend the summer here.

Mr. Batchelor was heard to say that
he does not expect to starve on the
'island' "because of the sand-which-is
there."

The Government bridge crew arrived
last week and are busy putting in a
new steel bridge near the C.P.R. depot.

Mr. and Mrs. Morrison and children,
and the Misses Phyllis and Millicent
James arrived from Oyen on Thursday
last. Mr. Morrison returned to Oyen
the same day; Mrs. Morrison and son
left Saturday to spend a couple of
weeks at the coast; Millicent left on
Friday to spend a couple of weeks in
Edmonton.

Rev. L. D. Batchelor left on Friday
for Gull Lake and other northern
points.

Miss Ella Halstead returned home
last week from Craigmyle, where she
has been teaching school.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Hay
on Thursday, July 2nd, a daughter.

The Misses Olive and Anna Charle-
bois arrived home on Tuesday for the
summer holidays.

Hugh MacDonald left on Thursday
last to spend the summer months with
his mother in Medicine Hat.

S. J. Garrett was a Calgary visitor
on Saturday.

Mrs. L. Morrow and son, 'Bud' left
on Monday to reside in Vancouver.

Miss Mary Currie left on Monday to
spend the summer vacation with rela-
tives at the Pacific Coast.

Mr. and Mrs. George Oliphant mo-
tored to Calgary on Sunday. Mrs. Oli-
phant will remain in the City during
Stampede week.

Mrs. Jas. Ramsay, Kate and Mabel
are spending a week camping at East
Coulee.

Jos. Connolly left last Thursday for
Edmonton, where he will mark exami-
nation papers for the department.

J. M. MacDonald is taking in the
Calgary Stampede this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G.F. McGregor went
to Calgary last Thursday and spent a

CHRIST CHURCH, CARBON

Sunday, July 12, 1931

Evensong and Sermon 7:30 p.m.

REV. ATTWOOD, Minister

YOU WILL APPRECIATE

THE PRINTING AND
ADVERTISING SERVICE
OF "THE CHRONICLE"
WHEN IT IS TOO LATE

Have all your Printing
and Advertising done here
and keep the local Printing
Establishment in operation.

WE GUARANTEE OUR
WORK AND SUBMIT
PROOFS

THE CHRONICLE

few days there. During Mr. McGregor's
absence Adam Bertsch had charge of
the A.P. Elevator.

Rt. Rev. L. Palph Sherman, Lord
Bishop of Calgary, will hold services
at Carbon on Sunday evening, July 26.

A. Turcotte arrived on Monday from
Brock, Sask., after spending two weeks
as chauffeur for one of the Chautau-
qua cars.

Another item of worry for the Vil-
lage fathers. The weeds on the va-
cant lots will soon need cutting in
order to keep them from reaping their
natural harvest.

LOST—Steel measuring tape with me-
tal frame and wood handle. Finder
return to Garrett Motors and receive
reward.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Willson and fam-
ily, and Mr. Peters, are holidaying
for a couple of weeks at Sylvan Lake.

Miss Leola Wallace returned last
week from Edmonton, where she was
taking her Grade 12.

Mrs. A. F. McKibbin and daughter
left Saturday for a holiday at Cham-
pion.

Mr. and Mrs. T.J. King, and Mr. and
Mrs. Jas. King left for Calgary on Sun-
day to attend the funeral of their mo-
ther, Mrs. King.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Edwards spent the
week end in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Downes were
Calgary visitors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Hay and son
arrived last week and are spending a
couple of weeks visiting with Mr. and
Mrs. A. Hay.

Mr. and Mrs. R.J. Fairbairn left on
Sunday for a holiday to be spent at
Calgary, Banff, Edmonton and other
points.

HESKETH SCHOOL PROMOTIONS

GRADE IX to X—Phyllis Hunter 84;
Calvin Bingham 70; Violet Knox 66.

GRADE VIII to IX—Margaret Sem-
ber 83; Grace Hunter 62.

GRADE VI to VII—Helen Bingham
89; George Sember 83; Joseph Knox
79; Beatrice Bacon 77; Ralph Pal-
lesen 77.

GRADE V to VI—Doris Knox 71;
John Bacon 62.

GRADE IV to V—Robert Hunter 62;
Douglas Pallesen 49 (on trial)

GRADE III to IV—Gladys Sember
81; Joan Heath 81; Rita Peterson 76;
James Bacon 76.

GRADE II to III—Jack Peterson 95;
George Bacon 94; Peter Bossmann 88.

GRADE I to II—Peggy Heath 84;
Yvonne Hunter 84; Henrietta Noy 83;
Carmen Bingham 83; Helen Pallesen
52; Maria Noy 52.

Number of pupils enrolled during the
term, 33.

MRS. C.A. CLARKE Jr., Teacher

SKIM CREAM THICK

An important point emphasized in
pamphlet 37—N.S., prepared by the
Dairy and Cold Storage Branch of the
Dominion Department of Agriculture,
is the fact that it is butter fat alone
which determines the amount of re-
turns to farmers selling their cream
to creameries.

Many patrons have the idea that a
large amount of cream should return
a correspondingly large pay cheque,
forgetting that they are paid only for
the butter-fat in the cream, or the
butter made from that fat.

The skimming of a rich cream is a
decided advantage to patrons in more
ways than one. Not only does it make
a considerable saving in hauling but
a greater amount of skim milk is re-
tained for use on the farm.

"How did you come to raid the bar-
ber's shop?" the dry agent was asked.
"Well, he replied, "it struck me kind
of funny that such a lot of fellows
should buy hair restorer from a bald-
headed barber."

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MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS, blue, khaki or white, Each 10c
MEN'S ELK WORK BOOTS, Per Pair, \$3.25
MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS, Each \$1.45

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